Scope and sequence

Music

Reception to year 6

V1.0 September 2020



V1.0

Music – Scope and sequence reception to year 6

Contents

Context statement

Achievement standards

Scope and sequence

- Strand: Making
 - o Sub-strand: Exploring ideas and improvising with ways to represent ideas
 - o Sub-strand: Developing an understanding of practices
 - o Sub-strand: Sharing artworks through performance, presentation or display
- Strand: Responding
 - o Sub-strand: Responding to and interpreting artworks

Context statement

In Music, students listen to, compose, rehearse, refine, appreciate, respond to and perform music from a diverse range of styles, traditions and contexts. Students create, shape and share sounds in time and space and critically analyse music. Music practice is aurally based and focuses on acquiring and using knowledge, understanding and skills about music and musicians. Students consider music from the viewpoint of the composer, the performer and the audience. They make informed critical judgements about their own music choices, music they interpret and the music they listen to. Students develop their musical literacy as they explore where, how and why music takes place and the elements, materials, skills and processes involved in creating, developing, interpreting and performing musical ideas.

Teachers are advised to use their professional judgement when selecting a diverse range of music and musicians on which to focus the delivery of this curriculum. Choices should reflect accessibility and student needs and interests. Where examples are given, these are suggestions and are by no means exhaustive or mandated. The use of local music and musicians is strongly encouraged.

The making and responding strands inform and support each other. They are intrinsically connected and should be integrated when designing learning experiences.

- As students make music, they actively respond to their own developing composition and performance work and the work of others.
- As students respond to music they draw on the knowledge, understanding and skills acquired through their experiences in making music.

The elements of music are fundamental to all learning in this subject: beat, rhythm, pitch, dynamics and expression, form, texture and timbre.

This document is structured around the shared arts sub-strands to clarify the explicit learning required. As with the strands, the sub-strands should be combined when planning teaching and learning activities, they are not designed to be addressed as isolated activities.

These documents have been designed to:

- Provide clarity and context, for teaching and learning in South Australia, in alignment with the Australian Curriculum content descriptions
- Identify the discipline specific and transferable knowledge, skills and understandings required at each year level
- Enable rigour, engagement and discipline specific skill development.

Achievement standards

Reception to year 2	Years 3 to 4	Years 5 to 6
By the end of year 2, students:	By the end of year 4, students:	By the end of year 6, students:
 communicate about the music they listen to, make and perform and where and why people make music improvise, compose, arrange and perform music demonstrate aural skills by staying in tune keep in time when they sing and play. 	 describe and discuss similarities and differences between the music they listen to, compose and perform discuss how they and others use the elements of music in performance and composition collaborate to improvise, compose and arrange sound, silence, tempo and volume in music that communicate ideas demonstrate aural skills by singing and playing instruments with accurate pitch, rhythm and expression. 	 explain how the elements of music are used to communicate meaning in the music they listen to, compose and perform describe how their music-making is influenced by music and performances from different cultures, times and places use rhythm, pitch and form symbols and terminology to compose and perform music sing and play music in different styles with accurate pitch, rhythm, and expression, demonstrating aural, technical, and expressive skills in performances for audiences.

Scope and sequence

Strand: Making							
Sub-strand	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Exploring ideas and improvising with ways to represent ideas	Explore and express ideas with sounds, high and low pitch and rhythmic patterns using voice, movement and body percussion: • with guidance, explore sounds and silence using their voice, instruments and movement • recognise the difference between singing and speaking • examine dynamics, for example, loud and soft. • Examine pitch, for example, high and low • use symbols, pictures and movement to test and share musical ideas • explore singing and playing.	Explore and express ideas with sounds, high and low pitch and rhythmic patterns using voice, movement and body percussion: • with limited guidance explore sound, simple pitch and rhythm patterns using their voice, instruments and movement • examine tempo, differentiating between fast and slow beats • creatively record musical ideas in the graphic notation, for example, symbols that represent sounds and experiment with musical ideas using digital technologies • practise singing and playing • Identify similarities and differences when listening to short melodies.	Explore and express ideas with sounds, high and low pitch and rhythmic patterns using voice, movement and body percussion: • introduce and explore the elements of music, such as beat, rhythm, pitch, dynamics and expression, form, texture and timbre, when students play instruments, sing and move to music • review dynamics and explore form, for example, verse and chorus, melody and accompaniment • record musical ideas with graphic notation • develop singing in tune and playing in time • identify similarities and differences when listening to melodies	Develop listening skills to recognise high and low pitch, rhythm, loud and soft dynamics, fast and slow tempo, using instruments, voice and movement creatively and with imagination: improvise with self-expression when playing instruments, singing and moving to music improvise music to demonstrate elements of music identify the features in music using the terminology, for example, ostinato and melody communicate and record musical ideas in digital technologies, for example, iPads demonstrate musical form through distinct movement notate simple rhythmic patterns played on nonmelodic instruments.	Develop listening skills to recognise high and low pitch, rhythm, loud and soft dynamics, fast and slow tempo, using instruments, voice and movement creatively and with imagination: • improvise using selected elements of music to create simple compositions using the pentatonic scale • identify and describe the features in music using the correct terminology and in a range of graphic and traditional notation • create and record musical ideas using standard music notation, dynamics, terminology and relevant technologies • explain and evaluate the effect of varying musical elements when singing. • notate melodic shape through graphic notation.	Explore ways of combining the elements of music with instruments, voice and found sounds. Using both digital and traditional sounds create sound effects to communicate ideas: • improvise and organise ways of combining elements of music to create compositions • identify and explain features in music using the correct terminology and in a range of graphic and standard notation • create and record musical ideas using graphic notation, standard notation and digital technologies • consider multiple interpretations and suggest the intention of compositional choices.	Explore ways of combining the elements of music with instruments, voice and found sounds. Using both digital and traditional sounds create sound effects to communicate ideas: • experiment with the elements of music by improvising patterns, phrases and melodies • identify and describe features of rhythm and structure that affects their improvisations • manipulate the timbre of a range of instruments and voices to create mood or atmosphere • create and record musical ideas using standard notation, dynamics, expressive devices, correct terminology, and digital technologies • consider and explain the meaning behind music and how the performer is portraying this.
Developing an understanding of practices	Sing and play instruments to improvise and practice a variety of chants, songs and rhymes: • practise singing songs, chants and rhymes. Sing and play to demonstrate human emotions, for example, happy or scared • explore reading and playing music with graphic notation • differentiate beat vs rhythm, for example, steady pulse vs different note values	Sing and play instruments to improvise and practice a variety of chants, songs and rhymes: • practise and play music from graphic notation • practise singing songs, chants and rhymes with some focus of good technique, for example, correct posture • sing songs from different cultures, including those from the local community and Aboriginal people.	Sing and play instruments to improvise and practice a variety of chants, songs and rhymes: • practise and perform music from graphic and standard notation using crochets, crochet rests and quavers • demonstrate beat vs rhythm using body percussion • practise techniques of singing and playing classroom instruments including call and response songs	Practise singing and playing music, using the elements of music from a variety of genres and cultures: • practise singing and playing a range of music from different cultures • rehearse and perform music in unison, two parts and with accompaniment • experiment expressively with the elements of music when singing and playing instruments	Practise singing and playing music, using the elements of music from a variety of genres and cultures: • practise singing and playing a range of music from different cultures, times and locations • rehearse and perform music in rounds and maintain their own part • create ways of singing and playing expressively, using elements of tempo, dynamics and texture, for example, blending two rhythms or melodies	Develop technical and expressive skills in both singing and playing an instrument, using the elements of music in a range of pieces: • rehearse a range of unison and part music in ensemble playing and singing • practise singing and playing with accurate technical skills and rhythms • maintain an independent musical line against a contrasting part	Develop technical and expressive skills in both singing and playing an instrument, using the elements of music in a range of pieces: • rehearse a range of unison and part music individually and in ensemble playing and singing • practise singing and playing with accurate pitch, technical skills and rhythms

Sub-strand Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
learn songs f different cult including the school comm Aboriginal per	tures, ose from the nunity and	sing and play songs with expression including works from different cultures, including those from the local community and Aboriginal peoples.	refine beat vs rhythm read traditional and invented notation in music they rehearse and perform consider meaning and intention when listening to music.	 read standard notation as they rehearse and play consider different interpretations when listening to music and making music. How else could this be interpreted? explain how varying the elements of music when playing and singing can create different expressive effects. 	 rehearse and refine performances in an expressive manner to communicate meaning use dynamics and their terminology, for example, piano meaning soft and forte meaning loud rehearse and perform songs and instrumental pieces using a range of scores, for example, handwritten notation, lead sheets and digital technologies. 	 maintain an independent musical line against contrasting parts rehearse and refine performance with expression to communicate meaning to the audience use dynamics and their terminology with increasing complexity, for example, crescendo meaning gradually louder improvise, compose, rehearse and perform songs and instrumental pieces using a range of scores and digital technologies.
Sharing artworks through performance, presentation or display - rehearse and songs using v classroom in - organise sou create comp improvise pa body movem example, sta clapping - demonstrate musical idea, example, eve a turn to play favourite bea using body p - demonstrate body movem	music to communicate ideas to an audience: • rehearse and perform learned songs and original compositions • use and combine sounds to create compositions, for example, fast, slow, loud, soft and improvise patterns of body movement • improvise a short melody with limited note range, for example, the pentatonic scale with melodic percussion.	Create and perform their own music to communicate ideas to an audience: • rehearse and perform learned songs and original compositions with increasing complexity • choose and combine sounds that demonstrates the elements of music that communicates ideas to the audience, for example, fast tempo, higher pitch, cheerful • improvise 4 and 8 beat rhythms using a nonmelodic instrument • use standard notation to represent musical ideas.	Plan, create, perform and record their own music by selecting and organising sounds, silence, speed (tempo) and volume (dynamics): • compare ways of using voices, instruments and combining sounds to create a mood • play simple rhythm patterns to improvise and create music • improvise ideas to create a musical idea for a specific purpose, for example, toys with interactive sounds • create and organise music using a range of accessible technologies • use notation to represent sound and record musical ideas • consider how music makes you feel and what it is about music that made you feel that way.	Plan, create, perform and record their own music by selecting and organising sounds, silence, speed (tempo) and volume (dynamics): • combine different ways of using voices and instruments to demonstrate sound, silence, tempo and dynamics • extend learned rhythms and melodies through improvisation • maintain and balance a part when performing with others • improvise and trial ideas to create compositions for a specific audience, for example, junk percussion rap for recycling week assembly • create, select and organise music using a range of digital technologies and use notation to represent the elements of music and record musical ideas.	Rehearse and perform music they have composed and arranged and make purposeful decisions to engage with an audience: • compare combinations of sounds that create mood and atmosphere • develop performing skills by maintaining pitch with correct timing and technique when performing with others • understand how rhythm, pitch and dynamics can create contrast and balance in compositions • present performances using digital technologies • identify the stylistic elements of music.	Rehearse and perform music they have composed and arranged and make purposeful decisions to engage with an audience: • demonstrate how combinations of sounds and elements communicate a musical idea to the audience • sing and play with accurate pitch and maintain an individual part in balance with others while performing • use the elements of music that create contrast, repetition and balance to develop compositions for performance • present performances using digital technologies to record and perform musical ideas • identify and explain the stylistic elements of music.

Strand: Responding							
Sub-strand	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Responding to and interpreting artworks	Respond to music they hear and communicate where and why it was made. Include music of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islanders: • identify where they might experience music in their life, for example, family celebrations • share thoughts about music they hear and listen to, including music from different cultures • ask for examples of the music they enjoy • practise appropriate audience skills, for example, attentive listener.	Respond to music they hear and communicate where and why it was made. Include music of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islanders: • identify and describe where and when they experience music in their life and community • express ideas and feelings about the music they listen to and make • discuss and listen to music and instruments from different cultures • practise audience skills, for example, clapping the end • consider why particular music was made and the composer's intentions.	Respond to music they hear and communicate where and why it was made. Include music of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islanders: • consider why people make music in different places and for different occasions • respond to music they hear and identify specific elements, for example, tempo, dynamics, timbre and texture • audience behaviour is developed to react appropriately in any given context • share and explain musical preferences • explain the effectiveness of the composer's choice of musical elements on the audience.	Identify the features of music they listen to and play. Use the elements of music to make comparisons starting with Australian music including the music of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islanders: • respond to and respect others as performers and audience members • discuss why and how people make music across different cultures • recognise and describe how elements are combined to communicate ideas and meaning • rehearse and develop appropriate audience behaviours • explore how and why music is made locally and in different cultures.	Identify the features of music they listen to and play. Use the elements of music to make comparisons starting with Australian music including the music of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islanders: • respond to, and respect the music-making of others and audience member • understand the reason why and how people make music across different cultures, events or occasions • identify and describe how the elements of music are combined to communicate ideas, mood and meaning • compare how and why music is made locally and in different cultures • identify the meaning and significance of music from different cultures within their historical context.	Explain how the elements of music communicate meaning by comparing music from different social, cultural and historical contexts including Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islanders: • participate and respond to music from a variety of contexts and cultures both as respectful audience members and as performers • discuss personal preferences for music from a range of contexts using music terminology • provide and respond to feedback when rehearsing compositions • describe how the elements of music work together to communicate meaning to the audience.	Explain how the elements of music communicate meaning by comparing music from different social, cultural and historical contexts including Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islanders: • respond and contribute to performances from the artist and audience member for the context of the performance • identify factors that influence musical styles in cultures, times and contexts • identify and compare how the elements of music are used and combined in different music styles.