Key Inquiry Questions

The civics and citizenship content at this year level involves two strands: civics and how people exercise their responsibilities, participate in society and make informed decisions and the ways people, places, ideas and events are perceived and connected.

The curriculum recognises that Australia is a secular nation with a multicultural, multi-faith society and a Christian heritage, and promotes the development of inducivity by developing students’ understanding of broader values such as respect, civility, equity, justice and responsibility. It acknowledges the experiences and contributions of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Peoples and their identities within contemporary Australia. While the curriculum strongly focuses on the Australian context, students also reflect on Australia’s position and international obligations and the role of citizens today, both within Australian and in an interconnected world.

The Civics and Citizenship curriculum aims to reinforce students’ appreciation and understanding of what it means to be a citizen and encourages them to contribute to an evolving and healthy democracy. It explores ways in which students can actively shape their lives, value their belonging in a diverse and dynamic society, and positively contribute locally, nationally, regionally and globally. As reflective, active and informed decision-makers, students will be well placed to contribute to an evolving and healthy democracy that fosters the wellbeing of Australia as a democratic nation.

Aims

The Australian Curriculum: Civics and Citizenship aims to ensure students develop:

- a lifelong sense of belonging to and engagement with civic life as an active and informed citizen. The curriculum also offers opportunities for students to develop a wide range of general skills and capabilities, including an appreciation of diverse perspectives, empathy, collaboration, negotiation, self-awareness and intercultural understanding.
- knowledge, understanding and appreciation of the values, principles, institutions and practices of Australia’s system of democratic government and law, and the role of the citizen in Australian government and society.
- skills, including questioning and research; analysis, synthesis and interpretation; problem-solving and decision-making; communication and reflection. To investigate contemporary civics and citizenship issues and foster responsible participation in Australia’s democracy.
- the capacities and dispositions to participate in the civic life of their nation at a local, regional and global level and as individuals in a globalised world.

Key Ideas

Through their learning in each subject or sub-strand, students develop knowledge and understanding relating to broader enduring ideas that underpin the Humanities and Social Sciences in the Australian Curriculum, which are represented in varying ways across the subjects. The key ideas are outlined below:

Who we are, who came before us, and traditions and values that have shaped societies

Students explore their own identity, Australia’s heritage and cultural diversity, and Australia’s identity as a nation in the world. They examine the significance of traditions and shared values within society.

How societies and economies operate and how they are changing over time

Students learn about Australian society and other societies in the world, both past and present; and how they function socially, culturally, economically and politically. Students examine developments that have resulted in or are bringing about change.

The ways people, places, ideas and events are perceived and connected

Students are provided with opportunities to explore different perceptions of people, places, ideas and events. They develop an understanding of the interdependent nature of the world and the interrelationships within and between the natural environment, human communities and economies. They explore how people, ideas and events are connected over time and increasingly interconnected across local, national, regional and global contexts.

How people exercise their responsibilities, participate in society and make informed decisions

Students examine how individuals and groups have participated in and contributed to society past and present. They examine the rights and responsibilities of individuals and groups over time and in different contexts. They develop an understanding of the need to make decisions, the importance of ethical considerations and being informed when making decisions, the processes for decision-making and the implications of decisions that are made for individuals, society, the economy and the environment.

Achievement Standard

By the end of Year 7, students explain features of Australia’s Constitution, including the process for constitutional change. They explain how Australia’s legal system is based on the principle of justice. Students explain the diverse nature of Australian society and identify the importance of shared values in promoting a cohesive society.

When researching, students develop a range of questions and gather and analyse information from different sources to investigate Australia’s political and legal systems. They consider different points of view on civics and citizenship issues. When planning for action, students take into account multiple perspectives to develop solutions to an issue. Students develop and present arguments on civics and citizenship issues using appropriate texts, terms and concepts. They identify ways they can be active and informed citizens.
**Structure**

In the Australian Curriculum, the Humanities and Social Sciences learning area comprises five subjects: F–6/7 Humanities and Social Sciences, and Years 7–10 History, Geography, Civics and Citizenship and Economics and Business. In all five subjects, the curriculum is organised into two broad interrelated strands: knowledge and understanding, and inquiry and skills.

In the F–6/7 Humanities and Social Sciences curriculum, history, geography, civics and citizenship and economics and business are presented as sub-strands of the knowledge and understanding strand. In these years, students are introduced to history and geography from Foundation Year, civics and citizenship in Year 3 and economics and business in Year 5. In Years 7–10, the curriculum is organised by subject. In Years 9 and 10, student access to Geography, Civics and Citizenship and Economics and Business will be determined by school authorities or individual schools.

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**Year 7 Content Descriptions**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Civics and Citizenship</th>
<th>Knowledge and Understanding</th>
<th>Skills</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Government and democracy</strong></td>
<td>The key features of government under the Australian Constitution with a focus on: the separation of powers, the roles of the Executive, the Houses of Parliament, and the division of powers.</td>
<td><strong>Questioning and research</strong> Develop a range of questions to investigate Australia's political and legal systems.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Laws and citizens</strong></td>
<td>The process for constitutional change through a referendum.</td>
<td><strong>Identify, gather and sort information and ideas from a range of sources.</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Citizenship, diversity and identity</strong></td>
<td>How Australia’s legal system aims to provide justice, including through the rule of law, presumption of innocence, burden of proof, right to a fair trial and right to legal representation.</td>
<td><strong>Critical analysis</strong></td>
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<td></td>
<td>How Australia is a secular nation and a multi-faith society with a Christian heritage.</td>
<td><strong>Problem-solving and decision-making</strong> Use democratic processes to reach consensus on a course of action relating to a civics or citizenship issue and plan for that action.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>How values, including freedom, respect, inclusion, civility, responsibility, compassion, equality and a ‘fair go’, can promote cohesion within Australian society.</td>
<td><strong>Critical thinking</strong> Appreciate multiple perspectives and use strategies to mediate differences.</td>
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<td>How groups, such as religious and cultural groups, express their particular identities, and how this influences their perceptions of others and vice versa.</td>
<td><strong>Interpersonal and team skills</strong> <strong>Use democratic processes to reach consensus on a course of action relating to a civics or citizenship issue and plan for that action.</strong></td>
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